WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of inhibiting survivin production in a eukaryotic cell cycle comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of formula

wherein R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄ independently represent -OH, OCH₃,-O(C=O)CH₃, or an amino acid residue, but are not each -OH simultaneously.

- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein said cell is an animal cell.
- 3. The method of claim 3 wherein said cell is a mammalian cell.
- 4. The method of claim 4 wherein said cell is a human cell.
- 5. A method of stimulating apoptosis in a cell expressing CDC-2 and survivin comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of formula

wherein R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄ independently represent –OH, OCH₃,-O(C=O)CH₃, or an amino acid residue, but are not each –OH simultaneously.

- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein said cell is an animal cell.
- 7. The method of claim 6 wherein said cell is a mammalian cell.
- 8. The method of claim 7 wherein said cell is a human cell.
- 9. A method for treating a tumor, said method comprising application of an effective amount of a compound of formula

wherein R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄ independently represent -OH, OCH₃,-O(C=O)CH₃, or an amino acid residue, but are not each -OH simultaneously.

- 10. The method of claim 9 wherein said tumor is present in a mammal.
- 11. The method of claim 10 wherein said tumor is malignant.
- 12. The method of claim 10 wherein said tumor is benign.
- 13. The method of claim 12 wherein said tumor is selected from the group consisting of papilloma, teratoma and adenoma.
- 14. The method of claim 10 wherein said tumor is a solid tumor.
- 15. The method of claim 10 wherein said mammal is a human.
- 16. The method of claim 10 wherein said tumor is derived from transformed cells.
- 17. The method of claim 16 wherein said cells are C3 cells.
- 18. The method of claim 9 wherein said compound is administered along with at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient or carrier.
- 19. The method of claim 18 wherein said excipient or carrier is dimethylsulfoxide.
- 20. The method of claim 9 wherein said derivative is tetra-O-methyl nordihydroguaiaretic acid or tetraglycinyl nordihydroguaiaretic acid.
- 21. The method of claim 1 wherein tetraglycinyl nordihydroguaiaretic acid is administered along with at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient or carrier.